

29. Which of the following statements about the surgical treatment of carcinoid tumors are true?
- a) Carcinoid tumors should be treated by resection, regardless of the presence of metastases.
 - b) Appendiceal tumors larger than 1.5 cm. should be treated by ileocelectomy.
 - c) Local excision with margins is adequate for a rectal carcinoid of any size.
 - d) Carcinoid tumors are associated with a large percentage of other synchronous or metachronous neoplasms
30. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true concerning postoperative ileus?
- a) The use of intravenous patient-controlled analgesia has no effect on return of small bowel motor activity
 - b) The presence of peritonitis at the time of the original operation delays the return of normal bowel function
 - c) The routine use of metoclopramide will hasten the return of small intestinal motor activity
 - d) Contrast radiographic studies have no role in distinguishing early postoperative bowel obstruction from normal ileus
31. An increased incidence of adenocarcinoma of the small intestine has been established with which of the following conditions?
- a) Peutz-Jegher Syndrome
 - b) Crohn's disease
 - c) Simple tubular adenomas of the small intestine
 - d) Colon carcinoma
32. The following endocrine responses occur after major trauma:
- a) Increased prolactin
 - b) Decreased anti-diuretic hormone (ADH)
 - c) Increased thyroxine
 - d) Increased catecholamines
 - e) Increased cortisol
33. The following complications are associated with pancreatic trauma:
- a) Pseudocyst
 - b) Pancreatic fistula
 - c) Ascites
 - d) Pancreatic abscess
 - e) Acute pancreatitis